

## **AQUCOFFEESHOP LTD**

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

This data sheet was prepared in conformity with the Globally Harmonized System as promulgated by European Directives (EC) No. 1272/2008 and 1907/2006/EC. and by Title 29 of the United States Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). Accordingly, it is only for informational purposes as intended thereby.

# Legend pH Checker

#### Section 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Legend Glass Cleaner

OTHER PRODUCT NAMES: N/A

PRODUCT USE: solution to indicate change in pH.

SUPPLIER DETAILS

**COMPANY NAME:** AQUACOFFEESHOP LTD

ADDRESS: 15 Hayfield Walk United Kingdom

TELEPHONE NUMBER FOR INFORMATION: +447587075734 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: +447587075734

DATE OF PREPARATION: November 29, 2023 DATE OF LAST REVISION: November 29, 2023

### **Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

The following information is provided for concentrated levels of

this chemical mixture.

Classification of the Substance or Mixture:

Skin irritation (Category 3) Eye irritation (Category 2A)

Risk Phrases: Symbol: Xi / R36/38: Irritating to eyes and skin.

Label Elements:

Trade Name: MICRO® A07 Citric Acid Cleaner

Signal Word: Warning **Hazard Statements:** 

H316: Causes mild skin irritation. H320: Causes serious eye irritation.

**Precautionary Statements:** 

P301+330: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth.

P302+350: IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with soap and water. P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

Other Hazards: No data available



### Section 3: COMPOSITION and INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS#	EC#	Wt %
Citric Acid	77-92-9	201-069-1	20 %
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	80%

### **Section 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

Inhalation: If exposed to excessive fumes, remove to fresh air. Get

medical attention if cough or other symptoms develop.

Ingestion: No specific treatment is necessary since MICRO A07 is

unlikely to be hazardous by ingestion.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Gently wash skin with

soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or

persists.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least

15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get

medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

#### **Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Fire: Not considered to be a fire hazard.

Explosion: Not considered to be an explosion hazard.

Fire Extinguishing Media: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam,

dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special Information: Hazardous decomposition products may be

formed under fire conditions. Nature of decomposition products

not known.

Advice for Firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus

for fire-fighting if necessary.

### Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency

Procedures: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions and Methods and Materials for

Containment and Cleaning Up: Spills will present a slip hazard.

Clean up spills with absorbent material or mop.

Do not discharge to surface waterways. Dried MICRO A07 residue can be removed

with warm water.

### **Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for Safe Handling and Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities: MICRO A07 should be stored in a cool place in its original container. Recommended storage temperature is 2 - 43°C. The shelf life of MICRO A07 is five years from the date of manufacture when stored in the original sealed container at the recommended storage temperature.

**Advice on General Occupational Hygiene:** Do not eat, drink and / or smoke in work areas; wash hands after use.

**Specific End Uses:** A 1% to 2% MICRO A07 solution is routinely used in immersion, CIP, ultrasonics, and manual washing applications to clean a variety of surfaces, including manufacturing tanks and equipment, precision parts, medical devices, filter membranes, glass, ceramic, and electronic

### Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS-PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits: Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Ventilation System: Not necessary. Personal Respirators: Not necessary.

Skin Protection: Rubber, nitrile, or latex gloves are recommended.

No additional protection is required.

Common sense chemical hygiene practices should be followed.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses with side-shields are recommended.

## Section 9: PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Clear, pale yellow liquid

Odor: Mild Odor

Threshold: No information found

pH: 3.0 %

Volatiles by volume @  $21 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (70 \,^{\circ}\text{F}): < 2\% (ASTM D2369-01)$ 

Melting Point: No information found

Boiling Point / Boiling Range: ca.100 °C (212 °F)

Flash Point: Not applicable

Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1): Similar to water Flammability: Not applicable Upper / Lower

Flammability or Explosive Limits: Not applicable

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Similar to water Vapor Density (Air=1): Similar to water

Relative Density: 1.140 g/mL

Solubility: Soluble Partition

Coefficient: n-octanol / water: Not determined Auto-ignition Temperature: No information found Decomposition Temperature: No information found

Viscosity: 20 cps

Explosive Properties: Not considered to be an explosion hazard

Oxidizing Properties: No information found

### Section 10: STABILITY and REACTIVITY

**Reactivity and / or Chemical Stability**: Stable under recommended storage conditions. **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions and Conditions to Avoid**: Chlorine-based products.

**Incompatible Materials**: Avoid acrylic, polycarbonate, carbon steel

and copper and its alloys. Do not mix with other cleaners. **Hazardous Decomposition Products**: Not determined.

# **Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ingestion: Non-toxic

Skin Contact: Mildly irritating

Eye Contact: Irritant

Chronic Exposure: No data available Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions: No data available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Globally

Harmonized System): No data available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure (Globally

Harmonized System): No data available

Numerical Measures of Toxicity:

NTP Carcinogen Database:

CAS No. Ingredient Known Anticipated **IARC** Category Citric Acid 77-92-9 No None No Water 7732-18-5 No No None

Acute Toxicity: Non-toxic: LD50 Oral - rat - > 5,000 mg/kg

### **Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity: No data available

Persistence and Degradability:

All ingredients are biodegradable

Bioaccumulative Potential:

Mobility in Soil:

Other adverse effects:

Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment:

No data available

No data available

According to the

substances' SDSs, none are PBTs or a vPvBs.

### **Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

#### Section 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Land Transport ADR/RID and GGVS/GGVE (Cross Border / Domestic):

Maritime Transport IMDG/GGVSea:

Air Transport ICAO-TI and IATA-DGR:

Not regulated

Not regulated

## **Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances (EINECS)

The components of this product are on the EINECS inventory or are exempt from inventory.

**USA** 

TSCA STATUS All ingredients are listed on the TSCA inventory

SARA TITLE III,302/303 EHS None

SARA TITLE III,304,HS None

SARA 311/312 Citric Acid: Acute Health Hazard

SARA TITLE III,313 None

**CANADA** 

DSL / NDSL All ingredients are listed

WHMIS Classification D.2.B.

Chemical Safety Assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment of citric acid has been prepared by its manufacturers.

### **Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

**Training Advice:** Wearing cotton gloves is not recommended because they allow for a sustained, occluded chemical contact with the skin. Manual and ultrasonic cleaning methods are ideally suited for MICRO A07. Most applications work using 1% to 2% MICRO A07.

**Additional Information:** The above information is believed to be accurate but International Products Corporation (IPC) does not claim it to be all inclusive. It should only be used as a guide. It is provided for the purpose of hazard communication. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product.

This Safety Data Sheet is offered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. Other government regulations must be reviewed for applicability to this product. To the best of Seachem Laboratories' knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness are not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either express or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to this specific product. If this product is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.

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# ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR The European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (Economic Commission for Europe)

Autoignition Temperature Minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source of ignition.

Biological Exposure Indices Reference values intended as guidelines for the evaluation of potential health hazards in the practice of industrial hygiene, published by the ACGIH. BEIs represent the levels of determinants that are most likely to be observed in specimens collected from a healthy worker who has been exposed to chemicals to the same extent as a worker with inhalation exposure to the TLV.

CAL/OSHA The Division of Occupational Safety and Health for the State of California.

CAS # The Chemical Abstract Service Number that uniquely identifies each constituent.

CEPACanadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA The United States Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, sometimes known as the Superfund Act

CFR The US Code of Federal Regulations

CSA The Canadian Standards Association

DOT The United States Department of Transportation

DSL/NDSL The Canadian Domestic/Non-Domestic Substances List

EC # Sometimes known as the EINECS # (European Inventory of Now-Existing Chemical Substances), which uniquely identifies each constituent.

Embryotoxin A chemical that causes damage to a developing embryo (i.e., within the first eight weeks of pregnancy in humans), but the damage does not propagate across generational lines.

EN European standards for products and services by European Committee for Standardization (Comité Européen de Normalisation).

EPA The United States Environmental Protection Agency.

EPA Waste Number A code developed by the EPA to identify characteristics of hazardous waste (e.g., ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, etc.)

EU European Union

EWC European Waste Catalogue, a publication of the European Union, which catalogs hazardous chemical wastes.

Flash Point Minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off sufficient vapors to form an ignitable product with air.

HMIS Hazardous Materials Identification System, a rating system developed by the National Paint and Coating Association that has been adopted by industry to identify the degree of chemical hazards.

H-Phrase H320 Causes eye irritation

H-Phrase H335 May cause respiratory irritation

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, an agency of the World Health Organization.

IATA International Air Transport Association

IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health. This level represents a concentration from which one can escape within 30 minutes without suffering escape-preventing or permanent injury.

IMO International Maritime Organization

LD50 Lethal Dose 50%, or median lethal dose, the dose of a toxin, pathogen, or radiation required to kill half the members of a tested population after a specified test duration. The LD50 is frequently used as a general indicator of a substance's acute toxicity.

LEL Lower Explosive Limit, the lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode

or ignite in the presence of an ignition source.

Mutagen A chemical that causes permanent changes to genetic material (DNA) such that the changes will propagate through generational lines.

NFPANational Fire Protection Association, which has established a rating system for chemical hazards.

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, a Federal research agency focusing on occupational safety and health.

NTP National Toxicology Program, an agency of the Federal Department of Health and Human Services.

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration, an agency of the United States Department of Labor.

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit. This has the exact same meaning as TLV, except that it is enforceable by OSHA.

REL Recommended Exposure Limit. This has the same meaning as TLV, but is a recommendation by NIOSH.

Reproductive Toxin Any substance which interferes in any way with the reproductive process. RID International Regulations Concerning the Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SCBA Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus

STEL This is the 15-minute Short Term Exposure Limit reported under Threshold Limit Value and OSHA's Permissible Exposure Limit.

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SCBA Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus

STEL This is the 15-minute Short Term Exposure Limit reported under Threshold Limit Value and OSHA's Permissible Exposure Limit.

TC Transport Canada

Teratogen A chemical that causes damage to a developing fetus, but the damage does not propagate across generational lines.

TLV Threshold Limit Value, the airborne concentration of a substance which represents conditions under which it is generally believed that nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse effect. The duration must also be considered. See the definitions of TWA and STEL.

TSCAThe United States Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA This is the 8-hour Time Weighted Average reported under Threshold Limit Value and OSHA's Permissible Exposure Limit.

UEL Upper Explosive Limit, the highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source.

WHMIS Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System